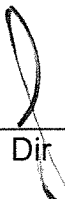



SUBJECT: GOVERNOR'S EXECUTIVE ORDER FOR CALIFORNIA DISASTER ASSISTANCE ACT FUNDING, AND THE PROVISION OF WATER TO EAST PORTERVILLE RESIDENTS

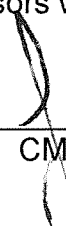
SOURCE: Administration

COMMENT: As has been reported at prior City Council meetings, Governor Brown issued Executive Order B-26-14, within which the Governor authorized funding through the California Disaster Assistance Act for the purpose of providing temporary water supplies to households without water for drinking and/or sanitation purposes, as well as directed State agencies to coordinate with counties and local agencies in providing long-term solutions for affected residents.

At its last meeting on February 17<sup>th</sup>, the City Council again considered the Tulare Operational Area Task Requests (attached) received on January 20<sup>th</sup> from the County pursuant to Mutual Aid Agreement. The first Task Request was to continue to provide water delivery service by Mutual Aid Agreement for the next 120 days to the 300-gallon tanks that were previously placed by Porterville Area Coordinating Council. To date, a total of eighty (80) of these tanks are serviced by City staff and equipment on a weekly basis. The second Task Request was for the City to provide water for purchase to fill 1,500-gallon tanks for the next twelve (12) months in East Porterville, referred to as the County Household Tank Program. Both the City Council and staff have previously expressed significant concerns relative to the provision of water, especially for the County Household Tank Program, without the commitment of a new water source to compensate for the expected impact to the City's water system. The City Council approved an extension of the current water delivery service until Wednesday, March 4<sup>th</sup>, and deferred action on the County Household Tank Program pending official written notification being received by the County from the State that the City would receive full-funding to support the development of a new municipal water well. According to the County Administrative Officer, CalOES has officially committed 75% funding of a new municipal well, and the County will be submitting a grant for USDA funding for the remaining 25%, which the County Board of Supervisors will consider at their next meeting on March 10, 2015.

  
Dir

  
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CM

Item No. 14

Under the Task Request for the County Household Tank Program, County representatives have stated that a maximum of 2,000,000 gallons per month is requested to support the Program, though it may be up to nine (9) months before that volume of water would be necessary as the new tanks are located. A new well developed to City standards would be sufficient to support the requested volume of water, although the City may want to retain the ability to reduce the volume of water sales during the mid-summer months due to the City's water system experiencing its most taxing period, as well as the Governor's likely continued and/or enhanced mandated water conservation measures.

In a related matter, City representatives were invited to participate in a Hearing conducted by Assemblymember Luis Alejo (D-Salinas) before the Assembly Environmental Safety & Toxic Materials Committee on Wednesday, February 18<sup>th</sup> in Sacramento. The purpose of the Hearing was for local non-profit, City, County and State representatives to specifically discuss the effects of the drought on the water supply in East Porterville, as well as the response to the emergency conditions in East Porterville. Representing the City, Mayor Stowe and Councilmember Gurrola provided testimony as to the City's experience, both advocating for more diligence and urgency in addressing the issue in the consideration of both short- and long-term solutions, as well as extending existing emergency State environmental exemptions to local government.

On a final note, the most recent State Drought Briefing dated February 26, 2015, reports that the past month was one of the driest January's on historical record, though February is trending toward average. California snowpack is currently at 23% of normal to date, and 17% of the April 1 average. Additionally, major state reservoir levels are at approximately half of average to date, though Northern California reservoirs account for the most benefit. Locally, Success Lake is currently at 30% of normal storage to date (slightly ahead of last year), and 9% of total storage capacity.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council consider:

1. The request for continuation of water delivery service by Mutual Aid Agreement with the County effective January 10, 2015, for at least 120 days; and
2. The request for purchase of potable water by Mutual Aid Agreement with the County effective January 20, 2015, for at least twelve (12) months.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Governor Executive Order B-26-14  
2. Tulare Operational Area SEMS Mission/Task Requests  
3. State Bi-Weekly Drought Brief: Thursday, February 19, 2015

**Executive Department**  
**State of California**

**EXECUTIVE ORDER B-26-14**

**WHEREAS** on January 17, 2014, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist throughout the State of California due to severe drought conditions; and

**WHEREAS** on April 25, 2014, I proclaimed a Continued State of Emergency to exist throughout the State of California due to the ongoing drought; and

**WHEREAS** drought conditions have persisted for the last three years and the duration of this drought is unknown; and

**WHEREAS** many residents across the state who rely on domestic wells or very small water systems now live in homes that can no longer provide water for drinking or sanitation purposes due to declining groundwater supplies resulting from the drought; and

**WHEREAS** the shortage of water for drinking and sanitation purposes that many residents now face constitutes a threat to human health and safety; and

**WHEREAS** additional expedited actions are needed to reduce the harmful impacts from these water shortages and other impacts of the drought; and

**WHEREAS** the magnitude of the severe drought conditions continues to present threats beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of any single local government and require the combined forces of a mutual aid region or regions to combat; and

**WHEREAS** under the provisions of section 8571 of the California Government Code, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay the mitigation of the effects of the drought.

**NOW, THEREFORE, I, EDMUND G. BROWN JR.,** Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes of the State of California, in particular Government Code sections 8567 and 8571 of the California Government Code, do hereby issue this Executive Order, effective immediately.

**IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:**

1. The Office of Emergency Services shall provide local government assistance as it deems appropriate for the purposes of providing temporary water supplies to households without water for drinking and/or sanitation purposes under the authority of the California Disaster Assistance Act, California Government Code section 8680 et seq. and California Code of Regulations, Title 19, section 2900 et seq.

2. The provisions of the Government Code and Public Contract Code applicable to state contracts and procurement, including but not limited to, advertising and competitive bidding requirements, are hereby waived for the sole purpose of allowing state agencies and departments to purchase water for the protection of health, safety, and the environment.

**ATTACHMENT I**

3. The provisions of California Penal Code section 396 prohibiting price gouging in times of emergency are hereby reinstated as of the date of this Order. The 30-day time period limitation under subsection (b) is hereby waived. For the purposes of calculating the price differential, the price of goods or services shall be compared to the price in effect as of the date of this Order.

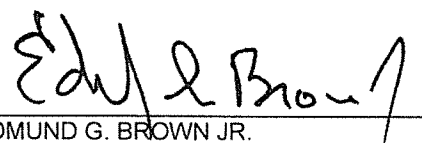
4. The State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Water Resources, the Office of Emergency Services, and the Office of Planning and Research will assist local agencies with the identification of acute drinking water shortages in domestic water supplies, and will work with local agencies in implementing solutions to those water shortages. For any actions the listed state agencies take pursuant to this directive, for any actions taken by a local agency where the Office of Planning and Research concurs that local action is required, and for any necessary permits to carry out those actions, Division 13 (commencing with section 21000) of the Public Resources Code and regulations adopted pursuant to that Division are hereby suspended. This suspension will expire on December 31, 2014, except that actions started prior to that date shall not be subject to Division 13 for the time required to complete them.

This Executive Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

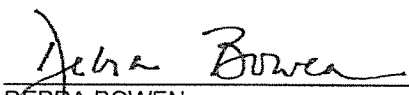
I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given to this Order.

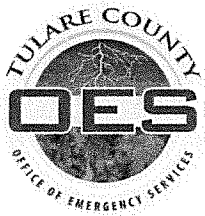
IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 18<sup>th</sup> day of September 2014.



  
EDMUND G. BROWN JR.  
Governor of California

ATTEST:

  
DEBRA BOWEN  
Secretary of State



## Office of Emergency Services

5957 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277  
(559) 624-7495 Telephone (559) 737-4692 Facsimile

### TULARE OPERATIONAL AREA SEMS MISSION/TASK REQUEST **XTU-2015-LG-001**

To: **City of Porterville**

Date: **1/10/15**

Pursuant to the California Master Mutual Aid Agreement (MMAA), the Tulare County Regional Emergency Management Mutual Aid Agreement ("TC EMMAA"), and in accordance with the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS), the County of Tulare, serving as the Tulare Operational Area, requests the following Mission / Task to be completed:

#### TASK(S) TO BE PERFORMED:

1. **As of January 10, 2015:** Renew request XTU-2014-LG-001 to continue utilizing City of Porterville water, personnel, and equipment to fill existing non-potable water tanks placed at individual homes by the Porterville Area Coordinating Council in the unincorporated area east of and immediately adjacent to the City of Porterville, commonly referred to as "East Porterville" or "Doyle Colony," for those homes where a signed waiver of liability has been obtained from the occupant by the City of Porterville.

#### DURATION & TERMINATION:

The recipient is requested to perform the task(s) above for: **120 days**

County endeavours to replace the existing tanks with larger, potable water tanks, to be filled by commercial water haulers, prior to the end of the 120 day period of this request. Should such transition be incomplete at that time, this request may be renewed. Similarly, this request may be terminated prior to expiration should such transition be completed prior to expiration, and/or if the need has abated. Should the request be terminated prior to expiration, such termination shall occur at a time mutually agreed upon.

Should City of Porterville wish to cease performing the requested task, at least 15 days prior notice is requested.

*ATTACHMENT 2*



## Office of Emergency Services

5957 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277  
(559) 624-7495 Telephone (559) 737-4692 Facsimile

### **XTU-2015-LG-001**

#### COMPENSATION:

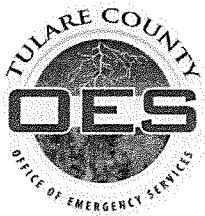
The **County of Tulare** shall reimburse the **City of Porterville** for **100%** of actual costs associated with this request, upon receipt of invoice(s) from the City of Porterville for services performed.

The **County of Tulare** shall claim such costs for disaster recovery from the State of California. This section supercedes Paragraph D of Section VI of the Tulare County Regional Emergency Management Mutual Aid Agreement, as the contingent reimbursement outlined therein has been found to be in conflict with State and Federal policies and regulations.

Please contact my office should you have any questions in regards to this request.

Sincerely,

Andrew Lockman  
Emergency Services Manager  
County of Tulare, Office of Emergency Services



## Office of Emergency Services

5957 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277  
(559) 624-7495 Telephone (559) 737-4692 Facsimile

### TULARE OPERATIONAL AREA SEMS MISSION/TASK REQUEST **XTU-2015-LG-002**

To: **City of Porterville**

Date: **1/20/15**

Pursuant to the California Master Mutual Aid Agreement (MMAA), the Tulare County Regional Emergency Management Mutual Aid Agreement ("TC EMMAA"), and in accordance with the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS), the County of Tulare, serving as the Tulare Operational Area, requests the following Mission / Task to be completed:

#### TASK(S) TO BE PERFORMED:

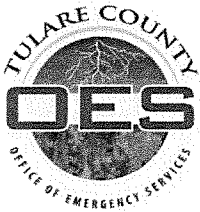
1. Provide potable water from City of Porterville municipal water system, to be purchased by County of Tulare and transported by its agents to residential tanks placed in nearby unincorporated areas as part of the County's Household Tank Program.
2. Establish parameters under which water will be provided, to include:
  - a. Cost per water unit
  - b. Equipment and administrative costs
  - c. Designated filling locations
  - d. Other desired provisions or restrictions

#### DURATION & TERMINATION:

The recipient is requested to perform the task(s) above for: **12 months**

This request may be renewed prior to expiration should the Household Tank Program continue to operate and require source water. This request may be terminated prior to expiration by County of Tulare should the need abate; such termination shall occur at a time mutually agreed upon.

City of Porterville may terminate performance of the requested tasks for any reason. Should City of Porterville wish to cease performing the requested task, at least 15 days prior written notice is requested.



## Office of Emergency Services

5957 South Mooney Boulevard, Visalia, California 93277  
(559) 624-7495 Telephone (559) 737-4692 Facsimile

### **XTU-2015-LG-002**

#### COMPENSATION:

The **County of Tulare** shall reimburse the **City of Porterville** for **100%** of actual costs associated with this request, upon receipt of invoice(s) from the City of Porterville for services performed.

The **County of Tulare** shall claim such costs for disaster recovery from the State of California. This section supercedes Paragraph D of Section VI of the Tulare County Regional Emergency Management Mutual Aid Agreement, as the contingent reimbursement outlined therein has been found to be in conflict with State and Federal policies and regulations.

Please contact my office should you have any questions in regards to this request.

Sincerely,

Andrew Lockman  
Emergency Services Manager  
County of Tulare, Office of Emergency Services





## Bi-Weekly Drought Brief Thursday, February 19, 2015

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### **CURRENT CONDITIONS**

**Recent Precipitation:** This January finished as one of the driest Januaries on historical record, with very little precipitation throughout the state. In early February, rainfall from a major statewide storm event provided 90% of the February monthly average rainfall for the Northern Sierra, and 52% for the San Joaquin Valley. Less rain fell further south in the state during this storm.

Below are precipitation totals (in inches) from Monday, February 2 through Tuesday, February 17, and year-to-date rainfall based on the water year cycle (October 1, 2014 to September 30, 2015).

- |                                       |                                        |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| • <b>Bakersfield:</b> 0.07" (3.43")   | • <b>Pacific House:</b> 7.28" (21.92") |
| • <b>Folsom Dam:</b> 2.05" (22.96")   | • <b>Redding:</b> 6.32" (28.80")       |
| • <b>Fresno:</b> 0.47" (3.87")        | • <b>Riverside:</b> 0.00" (2.88")      |
| • <b>Hetch Hetchy:</b> 3.27" (12.56") | • <b>Sacramento:</b> 2.28" (11.60")    |
| • <b>Los Angeles:</b> 0.02" (5.73")   | • <b>San Diego:</b> 0.00" (5.30")      |
| • <b>Modesto:</b> 1.39" (8.79")       | • <b>Shasta Dam:</b> 10.44" (45.76")   |
| • <b>Oroville:</b> 3.40" (22.64")     | • <b>Willits:</b> 6.68" (34.36")       |

**Precipitation Forecast:** High pressure over California will continue to keep weather dry and warm throughout the state this week. Slightly cooler temperatures are likely for next week but continued dry weather is expected to persist.

**Snow Survey:** The February manual snowpack survey recorded California snowpack at 19% of normal to date, and 12% of the April 1 average. The next statewide manual snow survey will be conducted at the beginning of March. The snowpack as measured on February 10, using automated sensors shows snowpack at 23% of average to date, and 17% of the April 1 average which is a drop of 2 percent over the past week. The automated sensor results captured the additional snowpack, resulting from the early February storms, which is not reflected in the manual survey.

**Reservoir Levels (% capacity):** The early February storm event brought a much needed boost in storage to the state's major Northern California reservoirs. Statewide, the storm generated net gains for reservoirs that totaled in excess of 1.0 million acre-feet. Reservoirs in the southern portion of the state did not benefit significantly from this storm event, as precipitation mostly fell further north.

Reservoir Levels as of February 16 remain low, including: Castaic Lake 34% of capacity (40% of year to date average); Don Pedro 42% of capacity (61% of average); Exchequer 8% of capacity (15% of average); Folsom Lake 54% of capacity (102% of average); Lake Oroville 46% of capacity (69% of average); Lake Perris 34% (42% of average); Millerton Lake 36% of capacity (56% of average); New Melones 25% of capacity (41% of average); Pine Flat 15% of capacity (29% of average); San Luis 58% of capacity (71% of average); Lake Shasta 53% of capacity (77% of average); and Trinity Lake 44% of capacity (62% of average). An update of water levels at other smaller reservoirs is also available.

**Fire Activity:** In 2014, CAL FIRE responded to almost 1,000 more wildfires than the 5-year average. Since the beginning of 2015, CAL FIRE has responded to over 150 wildfires across the state, including the Round Fire in Inyo County, which has burned over 7,000 acres and is 100% contained. CAL FIRE continues to monitor the drought situation and prepare for the wildfire season ahead while maintaining staffing that meets the current threat. Should the need arise, CAL FIRE is positioned to augment staffing as required.

**Statewide Open Burn Ban Update:** Due to recent rain, local outdoor burn bans have been lifted across much of the State. Most areas still require homeowners to obtain a burn permit. For those areas where the ban has been lifted, daily fire and weather conditions will dictate whether burning is permissible that day. The burn ban, issued last July, prohibits certain outdoor burning in the State Responsible Areas (SRA).

**Vulnerable Water Systems:** The State Water Board's Drinking Water Program continues to provide technical and funding assistance to several communities facing drinking water shortages and is monitoring water systems across the state to determine if new support is needed. As of this week, a total to date of \$14.4 million has been identified for specific emergency drinking water projects out of \$15 million appropriated in March 2014 for this purpose.

#### **KEY ACTION ITEMS FROM THIS WEEK**

- **State Water Board Approves Elements of Temporary Urgency Change Petition for SWP and CVP:** On Wednesday, February 4, the State Water Board issued an order approving most elements of the January 23 temporary urgency change petition submitted by the Department of Water Resources and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation to adjust flow and water quality requirements that govern inflows and outflows in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta and operation of the Delta Cross Channel Gates for the next two months. These requirements help control salinity in the Delta and protect fish and wildlife uses, and water quality for municipal, industrial and agricultural uses.

The State Water Board held a Public Workshop on Wednesday, February 18 to receive public comments on the Temporary Change Order. The workshop included panel presentations by the Department of Fish and Wildlife and stakeholder groups. The State Water Board is now reviewing all comments received to determine if changes to the Order are appropriate.

- **CDFW Approves Restoration Grants Including \$3.5 Million for Drought Projects:** On Wednesday, February 11, the Department of Fish & Wildlife announced its selection of grants to restore and protect river and estuarine habitat for coastal salmon and steelhead trout. This year's selection includes both traditional restoration projects as well as special projects to respond to the drought and improve fisheries habitat on private and state forestlands.
- **State Board Streamlines Process to Apply for Drinking Water Funds:** On Friday, February 6, the State Water Board announced that they have streamlined access to its Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) in order to make it easier for water systems to apply for funds. The DWSRF program, which was transferred to the State Board from the Department of Public Health in July, offers below-market-rate loans to water providers to upgrade their drinking water systems to meet state and federal safe drinking water standards.

- **State Water Board Orders More Information from Diverters Claiming Senior Delta Water Rights:** On Wednesday, February 4, the State Water Board has required individuals claiming senior water rights in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta watershed to provide detailed information on the water rights they claim, and the diversions associated with those rights. The order comes after the State Water Board received information that some riparian and pre-1914 water right holders may be illegally diverting stored water in the Sacramento and San Joaquin watersheds, and the Delta.
- **State Board Releases Report on Improving Oversight of Water Right Systems during Drought:** On Friday, January 30, the State Water Board released a report that outlines ways to improve the enforcement of the state's water rights system. The report addresses issues ranging from improving the accuracy and timeliness of supply and demand data to increasing public outreach. These recommendations for improvement are based on the State Water Board's review and implementation of the water rights system this past year, and is viewed as a way to improve the water rights enforcement process as California faces the likelihood of a fourth consecutive dry year.
- **\$50 million in Drought Relief for Western States Detailed during Drought Response Press Conference:** On Friday, February 2, the Department of Interior (DOI) announced the availability of \$50 million in federal grants for drought relief in the western states. The \$50 million for Western Drought Response was made available through the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act of 2015, which will enable the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation to work with water districts and other water users to increase efficiency and conservation of available water.
- **Conservation Partners Sought for Drought-related Wind Erosion Prevention:** On Wednesday, February 11, the USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) in California announced that they are looking to partner with local, city, county, or irrigation districts to address wind erosion risks on fallow farmland due to California's ongoing drought. Approximately \$4 million will be available through the Emergency Watershed Protection Program (EWP) which will assist agricultural producers and rural landowners install conservation practices and limit the effects of wind erosion.
- **Emergency Food Aid, Rental and Utility Assistance:** The Department of Social Services (CDSS) has provided to date over 495,650 boxes of food to community food banks in drought-impacted counties. Approximately 435,600 boxes of food have been picked up by 231,871 households. By this Friday, February 20, an additional 12,000 boxes will be delivered to five counties. Local food banks continue to target food aid to residents most impacted by drought.

The non-profit group La Cooperativa continues to distribute the \$10 million state-funded emergency rental assistance to impacted families and individuals across counties most impacted by the drought. As of Tuesday, February 17, the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) has reported that a total of \$8,557,364 is committed; and \$7,338,693 in funds has been issued to 4,462 applicants in 21 counties.

The Department of Community Services and Development (CSD) created a \$600,000 program to help families pay their water bills. This program targets families through 10 agencies that are experiencing "exceptional" drought. As of January, CSD has completed the Drought Water Assistance Program Pilot.

CSD has also implemented a \$400,000 Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker (MSFW) drought assistance program, in coordination with the California Human Development (CHD), Central Valley Opportunity Center (CVOC), Center for Employment Training (CET) and Proteus, which provides assistance in employment training and placement services to individuals impacted by the drought. As of Friday, February 6, 128 clients are enrolled in employment training programs, 30 clients have obtained employment, and 128 clients are receiving employment support services. CSD has also reported that a total of \$394,653 has been spent to assist participants in completing training employment programs.

- **Californians Achieve Strong Water Conservation Gains in December:** The State Water Board announced on Tuesday, February 3, that Californians cut back on water use by 22% in December as compared with the same period last year, which is the largest water conservation gain since state officials began tracking the data last summer. The sharp climb in water conservation marks the first time the state has attained Governor Brown's goal of a 20% reduction in water use.
- **Save Our Water Message Delivered 210 Million Times in 2014:** During the February 3 State Water Board meeting, Save Our Water officials announced that the Save Our Water campaign achieved 210 million impressions delivering water conservation messages on television, radio, social media, and websites in 2014. This achievement was made possible by the additional funding given to the campaign last year, which helped to expand its reach into new channels and markets, and paid advertising.
- **Water Saving Tips Promoted Across the State:** Californians made strides in 2014 to save water during one of the worst droughts in generations. For 2015, SaveOurWater.com urges Californians to make a New Year's resolution to save water daily as a permanent lifestyle change. Save Our Water's newly revamped website makes it even easier for Californians to learn how to save water indoors, outdoors, and at work. The website features the theme "Conservation: California's Year-Round Resolution." Visitors can sign up for daily email tips and grow the public awareness campaign by sharing Save Our Water Twitter and Facebook feeds.

This campaign will expand beyond the general public to feature corporate and business efforts. Save Our Water is also building an easy-to-use digital water calculator, to be unveiled in March that will help people figure out how much water they currently use and how certain practices could cut that volume both indoors and outdoors.

- **Drought Response Funding:** The \$687 million in state drought funding that was appropriated last March through emergency legislation, as well as \$142 million provided in the 2014 Budget Act, continues to advance toward meeting critical needs. To date, \$227 million has been expended, and nearly \$625 million of the emergency funds appropriated in March came from sources dedicated to capital improvements to water systems. Since March, the Department of Water Resources has expedited grant approvals, getting \$21 million immediately allocated to grantees that were pre-approved for certain projects. As planned in March, the next \$200 million of expedited capital funding was awarded in October, and the remaining \$250 million will be granted by fall 2015. The 2014 Budget Act appropriated an additional \$53.8 million to CAL FIRE over its typical budget to enhance firefighter surge capacity and retain seasonal firefighters beyond the typical fire season. In the event drought conditions continue through next year, the proposed 2015-16 Governor's Budget includes an additional \$115 million to continue critical drought response efforts.

- **Governor's Drought Task Force:** The Task Force continues to take actions that conserve water and coordinate state response to the drought.

## **Local Government**

- **MWD Outlines Drought Scenarios that Could Result in Mandatory Rationing This Summer:** This past December, the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) of Southern California revised its allocation plan which equally distributes water supply reductions among member agencies during shortages. On Tuesday, February 9, the MWD outlined a range of allocation actions and scenarios to its Board of Directors that may require the district to make wholesale cutbacks by July 1. MWD's Board will consider its options in April, but if a supply allocation is adopted, there is a possibility that it could result in water rationing throughout Southern California this summer.
- **Local Emergency Proclamations:** A total of 60 local Emergency Proclamations have been received to date from city, county, and tribal governments, as well as special districts:
  - **24 Counties:** Glenn, Inyo, Humboldt, Kern, Kings, Lake, Madera, Mariposa, Merced, Modoc, Plumas, Santa Barbara, San Bernardino, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, Shasta, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Sutter, Trinity, Tulare, Tuolumne, Yuba, and El Dorado.
  - **13 Cities:** City of Willits (Mendocino County), City of St. Helena (Napa County), City of Calistoga (Napa County), City of American Canyon (Napa County), City of Santa Barbara (Santa Barbara County), City of Montague (Siskiyou County), City of Live Oak (Sutter County), City of San Juan Bautista (San Benito County), City of Lodi (San Joaquin County), City of Portola (Plumas County), City of Ripon (San Joaquin County), City of Rio Dell (Humboldt County), and City of West Sacramento (Yolo County).
  - **9 Tribes:** Hoopa Valley Tribe (Humboldt County), Yurok Tribe (Humboldt County), Tule River Indian Tribe (Tulare County), Karuk Tribe (Siskiyou/Humboldt Counties), Sherwood Valley Pomo Indian Tribe (Mendocino County), Yocha Dehe Wintun Nation (Yolo County), Cortina Indian Rancheria (Colusa County), Kashia Band of Pomo Indians of the Stewarts Point Rancheria (Sonoma County), and Picayune Rancheria of Chukchansi Indians (Madera County).
  - **14 Special Districts:** Brooktrails Township (Mendocino County), Lake Don Pedro Community Services District (Stanislaus County), Placer County Water Agency (Placer County), Twain Harte Community Services District (Tuolumne County), Carpinteria Valley Water District (Santa Barbara County), Meiners Oaks Water District (Ventura County), Mariposa Public Utility District (Mariposa County), Goleta Water District (Santa Barbara County), Montecito Water District (Santa Barbara County), Tuolumne Utilities District (Tuolumne County), Mountain House Community Service District (San Joaquin County), Nevada Irrigation District (Nevada County), Upper San Gabriel Valley Municipal Water District (Los Angeles County), and Lake Berryessa Resort Improvement District (Napa County).

- **Water Agency Conservation Efforts:** The Association of California Water Agencies (AWCA) has identified several hundred local water agencies that have implemented water conservation actions. These water agencies are responding to the drought by implementing conservation programs, which include voluntary calls for reduced water usage and mandatory restrictions where water shortages are worst.
- **County Drought Taskforces:** A total of 29 counties have established drought task forces to coordinate local drought response. These counties include: Butte, Glenn, Humboldt, Imperial, Kern, Kings, Lake, Madera, Mendocino, Merced, Modoc, Monterey, Nevada, Orange, Placer, Plumas, Sacramento, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Siskiyou, Stanislaus, Sutter, Tehama, Tulare, Tuolumne, and Yolo.
- **Tribal Taskforce:** A total of 3 tribes have established drought task forces to coordinate tribal drought response. These tribes include: Hoopa Valley Tribe (Humboldt County), Yurok Tribe (Humboldt Counties) and Sherwood Valley Tribe (Mendocino County).

#### **DROUGHT RELATED WEBSITES FOR MORE INFORMATION**

##### **Drought.CA.Gov: California's Drought Information Clearinghouse**

State's Water Conservation Campaign, Save our Water  
Local Government, Drought Clearinghouse and Toolkit

California Department of Food and Agriculture, Drought information  
California Department of Water Resources, Current Water Conditions  
California Data Exchange Center, Snow Pack/Water Levels  
California State Water Resources Control Board, Water Rights, Drought Info and Actions  
California Natural Resources Agency, Drought Info and Actions  
State Water Resources Control Board, Drinking Water, SWRCB Drinking Water Program  
California State Water Project, Information

U.S. Drought Monitor for Current Conditions throughout the Region  
U.S. Drought Portal, National Integrated Drought Information System (NIDIS)  
National Weather Service Climate Predictor Center  
USDA Drought Designations by County CA County Designations  
USDA Disaster and Drought Assistance Information USDA Programs  
U.S. Small Business Administration Disaster Assistance Office: www.sba.gov/disaster

## Daily Reservoir Storage Summary

ENDING AT MIDNIGHT - 02/25/2015

FOR SELECTED RESERVOIRS IN NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Report generated: 02/26/2015 10:02

Reservoir Name	StateID	Water Storage									
		Capacity (AF)	Elevation (FT)	Storage (AF)	Storage Change	% of Capacity	Average Storage	% of Average	Outflow (CFS)	Inflow (CFS)	Storage - Year Ago This Date
TRINITY RIVER											
TRINITY LAKE	CLE	2,447,650	2,270.10	1,139,603	1,467	47	1,807,059	63	268	1,065	1,180,699
WHISKEYTOWN	WHI	241,100	1,199.01	207,185	-891	86	207,233	100	741	299	204,621
LEWISTON	LEW	14,660	1,900.85	13,801	-73	94	13,904	99	329	296	14,061
RUSSIAN RIVER											
SONOMA(WARM SPRINGS)	WRS	381,000	440.54	218,330	----	57	229,334	95	77	95	164,599
MENDOCINO (COYOTE)	COY	122,400	737.26	68,008	----	56	72,026	94	102	108	28,479
SACRAMENTO RIVER											
SHASTA	SHA	4,552,000	989.11	2,598,321	3,898	57	3,298,368	79	2,659	4,715	1,732,474
KESWICK	KES	23,772	580.35	19,726	449	83	21,807	90	3,036	3,265	20,014
FEATHER RIVER											
OROVILLE	ORO	3,537,577	755.04	1,725,030	3,993	49	2,449,889	70	622	2,668	1,390,141
ANTELOPE	ANT	22,566	5,002.03	22,591	19	100	17,675	128	----	----	18,638
FRENCHMAN	FRD	55,477	5,558.51	20,181	-34	36	36,651	55	----	----	27,719
LAKE DAVIS	DAV	83,000	5,764.57	48,012	-30	58	60,443	79	----	----	55,138
YUBA RIVER											
BULLARDS BAR	BUL	969,600	1,865.63	592,964	1,088	61	621,262	95	----	----	472,449
ENGLEBRIGHT	ENG	70,000	521.25	65,394	----	93	66,138	99	----	-250	63,732
AMERICAN RIVER											
FOLSOM	FOL	977,000	423.96	561,022	1,015	57	539,221	104	840	1,363	292,200
UNION VALLEY	UNV	230,000	4,829.51	165,354	565	72	145,818	113	----	----	143,325
LOON LAKE	LON	76,500	6,387.88	41,689	-142	54	30,633	136	----	----	39,768
ICH HOUSE	ICH	37,120	5,431.80	32,064	40	86	21,633	148	----	----	28,717
NIMBUS	NAT	9,000	121.55	7,152	-88	79	8,101	88	847	804	7,742
CACHE CREEK											
INDIAN VALLEY	INV	300,000	1,405.71	68,293	----	23	188,434	36	10	45	15,424
STONY CREEK											
BLACK BUTTE	BLB	143,700	451.47	57,548	----	40	58,081	99	53	266	15,878
CALAVERAS RIVER											
NEW HOGAN	NHG	317,000	628.52	66,167	----	21	149,405	44	15	48	95,970
MOKELUMNE RIVER											
CAMANACHE	CMN	417,120	185.53	128,370	-308	31	251,292	51	225	11	202,770
PARDEE	PAR	210,000	558.29	177,819	250	85	179,583	99	138	256	159,000
STANISLAUS RIVER											
DONNELL'S	DON	56,893	----	18,201	173	32	14,618	125	84	----	11,693
BEARDSLEY	BRD	77,600	----	28,612	-131	37	40,756	70	198	----	22,208
TULLOCH	TUL	68,400	501.07	56,464	597	83	56,121	101	299	603	55,975
NEW MELONES	NML	2,400,000	878.75	604,868	-472	25	1,463,404	41	575	351	1,058,076
TUOLUMNE RIVER											
DON PEDRO	DNP	2,030,000	710.10	870,332	1,064	43	1,436,341	61	173	869	1,054,812
HETCH HETCHY	HTH	360,000	----	249,679	----	69	159,813	156	320	----	184,728
CHERRY VALLEY	CHV	273,500	----	190,079	----	69	103,022	185	243	----	206,304
MERCED RIVER											
MC CLURE (EXCHEQUER)	EXC	1,032,000	605.43	86,859	104	8	528,992	16	174	299	213,990
CHOWCHILLA RIVER											
EASTMAN (BUCHANAN)	BUC	150,000	469.97	12,174	----	8	71,125	17	0	4	13,150
FRESNO RIVER											
HENSLEY (HIDDEN)	HID	90,000	452.99	6,513	----	7	32,236	20	0	6	6,091

<b>SAN JOAQUIN RIVER</b>											
MILLERTON (FRIANT)	MIL	520,500	492.39	193,976	690	37	340,406	57	140	497	169,096
<b>SAN LUIS CREEK</b>											
SAN LUIS	SNL	2,041,000	479.68	1,280,756	3,474	63	1,724,165	74	---	---	678,066
<b>KINGS RIVER</b>											
PINE FLAT	PNF	1,000,000	741.68	157,728	---	16	523,837	30	110	564	186,823
<b>KAWEAH RIVER</b>											
KAWEAH (TERMINUS)	TRM	185,600	625.65	41,051	---	22	24,081	170	6	241	16,432
<b>TULE RIVER</b>											
SUCCESS	SCC	82,300	588.29	7,042	---	9	23,648	30	12	55	6,670
<b>KERN RIVER</b>											
ISABELLA	ISB	568,000	2,530.71	47,642	---	8	183,263	26	265	224	59,484
<b>TRUCKEE RIVER</b>											
STAMPEDE	STP	226,500	5,874.66	52,800	-100	23	137,054	39	---	---	110,600
INDEPENDENCE LAKE	INP	17,295	6,945.59	14,944	13	86	13,869	108	---	---	14,788
DONNER LAKE	DNN	9,700	5,930.00	4,703	55	48	3,746	126	---	---	4,007
<b>SANTA YNEZ RIVER</b>											
CACHUMA LAKE	CCH	190,500	688.16	56,880	0	30	166,031	34	14	5	75,910
<b>SOUTH COAST</b>											
PYRAMID	PYM	180,000	2,576.53	168,010	-26	93	162,474	103	---	---	167,370
CASTAIC	CAS	325,000	1,383.50	100,179	-1,562	31	280,073	36	---	---	270,168
LAKE PERRIS	PRR	131,452	1,544.70	43,687	447	33	109,348	40	---	---	73,634

Total Storage (AF)	12,337,803	Total Average Storage	18,072,413	Total % Group Average	68.27%
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AF - Acre Feet CFS - Cubic Feet per Second

Note: Reservoir Flows are daily averages.

Report name: